

[STRANI JEZIK – MEDICINSKA ŠKOLA]

Smer: Farmaceutski tehničar I I godina	
Engleski jezik	
PITANJA:	
Reading	
Britain	and the British
The important thing to remember is that Britain to the country by the Government in 1707 when Scotlan	does not mean just England. The name Great Britain was givend was united with Britain, i.e. with England and Wales.

Britain covers quite a small land surface, but the variety of the scenery is large – from the rocky coastline of Scotland to the flat land of East Anglia.

The Britisl	n have all sorts of	traditional events an	d ceremonies,	festivals, o	dances and	plenty of fairs	throughout
the year. The Lord	Mayor's Show in L	London is one of the r	most interestin	g of these	when the n	ew Lord Mayo	r rides in his
magnificent coach	J .						

Answer the questions

1.	What is an important thing to remember about Britain?			
2.	When did the Government give the country the name of Great Britain?			
3.	What happened in the same year?			
4.	What surface does it cover?			
5.	What does British scenery look like?			
6.	What do the British have throughout the year?			
7.	Which event is one of the most interesting?			

Language in Use

Grammar

Complete the sentences using a verb in the box.

	Attend, decrease, reduce, make, love				
	have	e , do, take, go, get			
1.	Prices are	expected to	_ by less than 1 per cent this year.		
2.	I'd like to	an appointm	ent with the doctor.		
3.	a	good training course!			
4.	European	leaders will	a meeting on air pollution.		
5.	I want to _	my working	hours but I have too much to do.		
6.	Can I	you a drink?			
7.	I'd	some tea.			
8.	Please	a seat!			
9.	Let's	some jogging!			
10.	We will	jogging			

Correct the mistake in the following sentences.

- 1. The first girl which I saw was Joan.
- 2. I were working on that plan all day yesterday.
- 3. I knew that she has never flown before.
- 4. He was born in May 13, 1972.
- 5. I am teaching my self German.
- 6. They well speak English.
- 7. Aromatherapy uses many of essentials oils from plants.
- 8. How many do you know about computers?
- 9. I would prefer you didn't wait.
- 10. The prize were won by Jack.

Vocabulary

Underline the most suitable word in the sentences

- 1. My salary is / wages are paid into my bank account every month.
- 2. Alan's parents are very hard-up / well-off, they've just bought him a sports car.
- 3. He earned / wasted all his money betting on the horses. He died penniless.
- 4. I didn't bet / win any money at the races. I don't believe in gambling.
- 5. My uncle is an accountant / a spendthrift, he helps me look after my finances.
- 6. Isn't the pfennig a former German coin / currency?
- 7. She has *squandered / invested* all her money in government bonds.
- 8. The president said that the *economic / economical* situation was very serious.
- 9. My aunt keeps all her money in a cash dispenser / safe under her bed.
- 10. I'm bankrupt / broke. Can you lend me a fiver until the weekend?

Write another	er adiectiv	e with a	similar	meaning
		a	J	

2. an untidy room _____

1. a rich man

3.	a clever person		_		
4.	awful news		_		
5.	a silly person		_		
Writi	ng				
Write	10 sentences abo	out yourself.			
				 •	

Reading
Britain and the British
The important thing to remember is that Britain does not mean just England. The name Great Britain was give to the country by the Government in 1707 when Scotland was united with Britain, i.e. with England and Wales.
Britain covers quite a small land surface, but the variety of the scenery is large – from the rocky coastline of Scotland to the flat land of East Anglia.
The British have all sorts of traditional events and ceremonies, festivals, dances and plenty of fairs throughouthe year. The Lord Mayor's Show in London is one of the most interesting of these when the new Lord Mayor rides in his magnificent coach.
Answer the questions
 What is an important thing to remember about Britain? The most important thing to remember about Britain is that it does not mean just England.
 When did the Government give the country the name of Great Britain? The name Great Britain was given to the country in 1707.
3. What happened in the same year? Scotland was united with England and Wales.
4. What surface does it cover? It covers quite a small land surface.
 What does British scenery look like? The variety of the scenery is large – from the rocky coastline of Scotland to the flat land of East Anglia.
6. What do the British have throughout the year?

They have all sorts of traditional events and ceremonies, festivals, dances and plenty of fairs throughout the year.

7. Which event is one of the most interesting?

The Lord Mayor's Show in London is the most interesting event.

Language in Use

Grammar

Complete the sentences using a verb in the box.

Attend, decrease, reduce, make, love

have , do, take, go, get

- 1. Prices are expected to **decrease** by less than 1 per cent this year.
- 2. I'd like to **make** an appointment with the doctor.
- 3. **Do** a good training course!
- 4. European leaders will **attend** a meeting on air pollution.
- 5. I want to **reduce** my working hours but I have too much to do.
- 6. Can I get you a drink?
- 7. I'd **love** some tea.
- 8. Please take a seat!
- 9. Let's get some jogging!
- 10. We will **go** jogging.

Correct the mistake in the following sentences.

- 1. The first girl I saw was Joan.
- 2. I was working on that plan all day yesterday.
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- 4. He was born **on** May 13, 1972.
- 5. I am teaching **myself** German.
- 6. They speak English well.
- 7. Aromatherapy uses many of essential oils from plants.
- 8. How **much** do you know about computers?
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- 8. The president said that the <u>economic</u> / <u>economical</u> situation was very serious.
- 9. My aunt keeps all her money in a cash dispenser / safe under her bed.
- 10. I'm bankrupt / broke. Can you lend me a fiver until the weekend?

Write another adjective with a similar meaning

1. a rich man wealthy

2. an untidy room messy

3. a clever person **smart**

4. awful news5. a silly personfoolish

II godina

- 1. Family Life Unit 2
- 2. The Sequence of Tenses
- 3. Conditional Sentences Type1
- 4. My Friend Unit 3
- 5. Both/All; Either/Neither
- 6. The Past Continuous Tense
- 7. The Swan of Avon Unit 4
- 8. Indirect Speech Statements
- 9. Teenagers and Betwwen agers Unit 5
- 10. Indirect Questions
- 11. Word Order Direct and Indirect Object
- 12. TV or not TV Unit 6
- 13. He Had Escaped Death Unit 7
- 14. Conditional Sentences Type 2
- 15. Women at War Unit 8
- 16. The Climate of the British Isles Unit 9
- 17. Gold is the Devil Unit 10
- 18. Reflexive and Emphatic pronouns
- 19. Magic Circles Unit 11
- 20. Word Order / Positions of Adverb
- 21. Nation of Immigrants Unit 13
- 22. Relative Clauses
- 23. Conditional Sentences Type 3

Nemački jezik

1.

2.

Bilden sie das Präsens.					
a. Anna gern Pizza . (essen)					
b. Ich meinem Bruder bei den Schulaufgaben. (helfen)					
c. Der Direktor am Montag nach Paris. (fahren)					
d. Ich heute in die Schule. (gehen)					
Bilden Sie das Perfekt.					
a. Er seine Freundin nach Hause (fahren)					
b. Das Kind ein schönes Geschenk (bekommen)					
c. Wir die Hausaufgaben (machen)					

d. Klaus ______ das Buch ______ . (lesen)

	e. Du	den ganzen Tag	(arbeiten)
3.	Komparation der A	Adjektive	
	a. Komparativ		
	Ein Gepard ist	als ein Pferd .	(schnell)
	Josef ist	als Peter . (hoch)	
	b. Superlativ		
	Unsere Schule hat	: den S	chulgarten . (gut)
	Ich spiele	Fußball	l . (gern)
4.	Wie lautet die Kar	dinal- und Ordnungszahlen	in Worten?
	2	5	
	10	19	
	11	7	
5.	Bilden Sie Sätze.		
	a. sehr / gut / sch	wimmen / wir	
	b. keine Zeit / has	t / du	
	c. können / nicht ,	/ sprechen /sie	
6.	Welchen Körperte	il benutzt man? Verbinden	Sie!
	1. das Aug	e a. gehen	
	2. die Nase	b. riechen	
	3. das Ohr	c. hören	
	4. die Zähr	ne d. essen	
	5. die Bein	e e. Sehen	

Ruski jezik

- 1. Гостеприимство
- 2. Глаголы, повелительное наклонение, второе лицо един. и множ. чисел
- 3. Синтаксис, выражение объектных отношений
- 4. Незабываемый образ
- 5. Повелительное наклонение, третье лицо един. и множ. Чисел
- 6. Наречия образа действия типа по-новому
- 7. Деепричастие совершенного вида
- 8. Снежана
- 9. Счастливчик
- 10. Глаголы движения с приставкой за- со значением попутного действия
- 11. Синтаксис, определительные придаточные предл. с союзным словом который
- 12. Европа Азия
- 13. Действительное причастие настоящего времени
- 14. Действительное причастие прошедшего времени
- 15. Временные отношения
- 16. Подарок
- 17. Таблица I, Склонение существительных
- 18. Таблица II, Склонение прилагательных

STRUČNI TEKSTOVI

- 1. Системы органов
- 2. Система органов дыхания
- 3. Система органов размножения