

[STRANI JEZIK – MEDICINSKA ŠKOLA]

Smer: Laboratorijski tehničar I I godina	
Engleski jezik	
PITANJA:	
Reading	and the British
Dittain.	

The important thing to remember is that Britain does not mean just England. The name Great Britain was given to the country by the Government in 1707 when Scotland was united with Britain, i.e. with England and Wales.

Britain covers quite a small land surface, but the variety of the scenery is large – from the rocky coastline of Scotland to the flat land of East Anglia.

The British have all sorts of traditional events and ceremonies, festivals, dances and plenty of fairs throughout the year. The Lord Mayor's Show in London is one of the most interesting of these when the new Lord Mayor rides in his magnificent coach.

Answer the questions

1. What is an important thing to remember about Brit	ain?
	_
2. When did the Government give the country the nar	me of Great Britain?
	_
3. What happened in the same year?	
1. What surface does it cover?	
	_
5. What does British scenery look like?	
	_
5. What do the British have throughout the year?	
	_
7. Which event is one of the most interesting?	
	_

Language in Use

Grammar

Complete the sentences using a verb in the box.

Attend, decrease, reduce, make, love			
	have , do, take, go, get		
1.	Prices are expected to by less than 1 per cent this year.		
2.	I'd like to an appointment with the doctor.		
3.	a good training course!		
4.	European leaders will a meeting on air pollution.		
5.	I want to my working hours but I have too much to do.		
6.	Can I you a drink?		
7.	I'd some tea.		
8.	Please a seat!		
9.	Let's some jogging!		
10.	We will jogging		

Correct the mistake in the following sentences.

- 1. The first girl which I saw was Joan.
- 2. I were working on that plan all day yesterday.
- 3. I knew that she has never flown before.
- 4. He was born in May 13, 1972.
- 5. I am teaching my self German.
- 6. They well speak English.
- 7. Aromatherapy uses many of essentials oils from plants.
- 8. How many do you know about computers?
- 9. I would prefer you didn't wait.
- 10. The prize were won by Jack.

Vocabulary

Underline the most suitable word in the sentences

- 1. My salary is / wages are paid into my bank account every month.
- 2. Alan's parents are very hard-up / well-off, they've just bought him a sports car.
- 3. He earned / wasted all his money betting on the horses. He died penniless.
- 4. I didn't bet / win any money at the races. I don't believe in gambling.
- 5. My uncle is an accountant / a spendthrift, he helps me look after my finances.
- 6. Isn't the pfennig a former German coin / currency?
- 7. She has *squandered / invested* all her money in government bonds.
- 8. The president said that the *economic / economical* situation was very serious.
- 9. My aunt keeps all her money in a cash dispenser / safe under her bed.
- 10. I'm bankrupt / broke. Can you lend me a fiver until the weekend?

Write anothe	r adjective	with a sim	nilar meaning
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an untidy room _____
 a clever person _____

1. a rich man

4. awful news

5. a silly	person			
Writing				
Write 10 sent	tences about yourself.			
		 	_	

Reading

Britain and the British

The important thing to remember is that Britain does not mean just England. The name Great Britain was given to the country by the Government in 1707 when Scotland was united with Britain, i.e. with England and Wales.

Britain covers quite a small land surface, but the variety of the scenery is large – from the rocky coastline of Scotland to the flat land of East Anglia.

The British have all sorts of traditional events and ceremonies, festivals, dances and plenty of fairs throughout the year. The Lord Mayor's Show in London is one of the most interesting of these when the new Lord Mayor rides in his magnificent coach.

Answer the questions

- 1. What is an important thing to remember about Britain?

 The most important thing to remember about Britain is that it does not mean just England.
- 2. When did the Government give the country the name of Great Britain? The name Great Britain was given to the country in 1707.
- 3. What happened in the same year?

 Scotland was united with England and Wales.
- 4. What surface does it cover? It covers quite a small land surface.
- 5. What does British scenery look like?

 The variety of the scenery is large from the rocky coastline of Scotland to the flat land of East Anglia.
- 6. What do the British have throughout the year? They have all sorts of traditional events and ceremonies, festivals, dances and plenty of fairs throughout the year.
- 7. Which event is one of the most interesting?

 The Lord Mayor's Show in London is the most interesting event.

Language in Use

Grammar

Complete the sentences using a verb in the box.

Attend, decrease, reduce, make, love

have , do, take, go, get

- 1. Prices are expected to **decrease** by less than 1 per cent this year.
- 2. I'd like to **make** an appointment with the doctor.
- 3. **Do** a good training course!
- 4. European leaders will attend a meeting on air pollution.
- 5. I want to **reduce** my working hours but I have too much to do.
- 6. Can I get you a drink?
- 7. I'd **love** some tea.
- 8. Please take a seat!
- 9. Let's **get** some jogging!
- 10. We will go jogging.

Correct the mistake in the following sentences.

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- 6. They speak English well.
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- 10. I'm bankrupt / broke. Can you lend me a fiver until the weekend?

Write another adjective with a similar meaning

1. a rich man wealthy

2. an untidy room messy

3. a clever person **smart**

4. awful news5. a silly personfoolish

6.

ISPITNA PITANJA IZ ENGLESKOG JEZIKA

II godina

- 1. Family Life Unit 2
- 2. The Sequence of Tenses
- 3. Conditional Sentences Type1
- 4. My Friend Unit 3
- 5. Both/All; Either/Neither
- 6. The Past Continuous Tense
- 7. The Swan of Avon Unit 4
- 8. Indirect Speech Statements
- 9. Teenagers and Betwwen agers Unit 5
- 10. Indirect Questions
- 11. Word Order Direct and Indirect Object
- 12. TV or not TV Unit 6
- 13. He Had Escaped Death Unit 7
- 14. Conditional Sentences Type 2
- 15. Women at War Unit 8
- 16. The Climate of the British Isles Unit 9
- 17. Gold is the Devil Unit 10

- 18. Reflexive and Emphatic pronouns
- 19. Magic Circles Unit 11
- 20. Word Order / Positions of Adverb
- 21. Nation of Immigrants Unit 13
- 22. Relative Clauses
- 23. Conditional Sentences Type 3

Nemački jezik

1.	Bilden sie das Präsens.		
	a. Anna gern Pizza . (essen)		
	b. Ich meinem Bruder bei den Schulaufgaben. (helfen)		
	c. Der Direktor am Montag nach Paris. (fahren)		
	d. Ich heute in die Schule. (gehen)		
2.	Bilden Sie das Perfekt.		
	a. Er seine Freundin nach Hause (fahren)		
	b. Das Kind ein schönes Geschenk (bekommen)		
	c. Wir die Hausaufgaben (machen)		
	d. Klaus das Buch (lesen)		
	e. Du den ganzen Tag (arbeiten)		
3.	Komparation der Adjektive		
	a. Komparativ		
	a. Komparativ Ein Gepard ist als ein Pferd . (schnell)		
	Ein Gepard ist als ein Pferd . (schnell)		
	Ein Gepard ist als ein Pferd . (schnell) Josef ist als Peter . (hoch)		
	Ein Gepard ist als ein Pferd . (schnell) Josef ist als Peter . (hoch) b. Superlativ		
	Ein Gepard ist als ein Pferd . (schnell) Josef ist als Peter . (hoch) b. Superlativ Unsere Schule hat den Schulgarten . (gut)		
4.	Ein Gepard ist als ein Pferd . (schnell) Josef ist als Peter . (hoch) b. Superlativ Unsere Schule hat den Schulgarten . (gut)		
4.	Ein Gepard ist als ein Pferd . (schnell) Josef ist als Peter . (hoch) b. Superlativ Unsere Schule hat den Schulgarten . (gut) Ich spiele Fußball . (gern)		
4.	Ein Gepard ist als ein Pferd . (schnell) Josef ist als Peter . (hoch) b. Superlativ Unsere Schule hat den Schulgarten . (gut) Ich spiele Fußball . (gern) Wie lautet die Kardinal- und Ordnungszahlen in Worten?		

5. Bilden Sie Sätze.a. sehr / gut / schwimmen / wirb. keine Zeit / hast / du

6. Welchen Körperteil benutzt man? Verbinden Sie!

c. können / nicht / sprechen /sie

1. das Auge	a. gehen
2. die Nase	b. riechen
3. das Ohr	c. hören
4. die Zähne	d. essen
5. die Beine	e. Sehen

Ruski jezik

- 1. Гостеприимство
- 2. Глаголы, повелительное наклонение, второе лицо един. и множ. чисел
- 3. Синтаксис, выражение объектных отношений
- 4. Незабываемый образ
- 5. Повелительное наклонение, третье лицо един. и множ. Чисел
- 6. Наречия образа действия типа по-новому
- 7. Деепричастие совершенного вида
- 8. Снежана
- 9. Счастливчик
- 10. Глаголы движения с приставкой за- со значением попутного действия
- 11. Синтаксис, определительные придаточные предл. с союзным словом который
- 12. Европа Азия
- 13. Действительное причастие настоящего времени
- 14. Действительное причастие прошедшего времени
- 15. Временные отношения
- 16. Подарок
- 17. Таблица I, Склонение существительных
- 18. Таблица II, Склонение прилагательных

STRUČNI TEKSTOVI

- 1. Системы органов
- 2. Система органов дыхания
- 3. Система органов размножения